

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Jasco Spray On Stripper

Page: 1

Revision: 05/02/2019  
Supersedes Revision: 08/12/2016

### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Code:** 31053.1  
**Product Name:** Jasco Spray On Stripper  
**Company Name:** W. M. Barr  
2105 Channel Avenue  
Memphis, TN 38113  
**Phone Number:** (901)775-0100

**Web site address:** www.wmbarr.com

**Emergency Contact:** 3E 24 Hour Emergency Contact (800)451-8346  
**Information:** W.M. Barr Customer Service (800)398-3892

**Intended Use:** Paint/Varnish Remover

**Product Code:** QJBS00212, GJBS00213

**Additional Information** This chemical/product is not and cannot be distributed in commerce (as defined in TSCA section 3(5)) or processed (as defined in TSCA section 3(13)) for consumer paint or coating removal.

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Flammable Liquids, Category 2  
Acute Toxicity: Oral, Category 4  
Acute Toxicity: Skin, Category 3  
Acute Toxicity: Inhalation, Category 3  
Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2  
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 2A  
Carcinogenicity, Category 1B  
Toxic To Reproduction, Category 2  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure), Category 1  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 2



**GHS Signal Word:** **Danger**

**GHS Hazard Phrases:** H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.  
H302: Harmful if swallowed.  
H311: Toxic in contact with skin.  
H315: Causes skin irritation.  
H319: Causes serious eye irritation.  
H331: Toxic if inhaled.  
H350: May cause cancer.  
H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
H370: Causes damage to organs.  
H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**GHS Precautionary Phrases:** P201: Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.  
P233: Keep container tightly closed.  
P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.  
P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.  
P242: Use only non-sparking tools.  
P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.  
P260: Do not breathe gas/mist/vapors/spray.  
P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Jasco Spray On Stripper

Page: 2

Revision: 05/02/2019  
Supersedes Revision: 08/12/2016

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P281: Use personal protective equipment as required.  
P235: Keep cool.  
P301+312: IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.  
P302+352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.  
P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P307+311: IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
P308+313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.  
P311: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.  
P314: Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell.  
P321: Specific treatment see label.  
P322: Specific measures see label.  
P330: Rinse mouth.  
P332+313: If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention.  
P337+313: If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.  
P361: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.  
P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
P370+378: In case of fire, use dry chemical powder to extinguish.

### GHS Response Phrases:

### GHS Storage and Disposal Phrases:

P403+233: Store container tightly closed in well-ventilated place.  
P405: Store locked up.  
P501: Dispose of contents/container according to local, state and federal regulations.

### OSHA Regulatory Status:

This material is classified as hazardous under OSHA regulations.

### Potential Health Effects (Acute and Chronic):

Potential Acute Health Effects:

EYE: Vapors can cause eye irritation. Contact can produce redness, inflammation, pain and temporal eye damage.

SKIN: Causes irritation, redness, pain, drying and cracking of the skin. Prolonged contact can cause burns. May be absorbed through skin.

INGESTION: May cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract and/or abdominal spasms. Symptoms parallel inhalation.

Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis.

INHALATION: Causes irritation to the respiratory tract. Causes formation of carbon monoxide in blood which affects cardiovascular system and central nervous symptoms. Symptoms of overexposure may include skin sensations (e.g. pins and needles), fatigue, confusion, headaches, dizziness and drowsiness. Very high concentrations or continued exposure may cause increased light-headedness, vomiting, blurred vision, blindness, staggering, unconsciousness, comas, and even death.

CHRONIC EXPOSURE: Methylene Chloride may cause headache, mental confusion, depression,

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Jasco Spray On Stripper

Page: 3

Revision: 05/02/2019  
Supersedes Revision: 08/12/2016

liver effects, kidney effects, bronchitis, loss of appetite, nausea, lack of balance, and visual disturbances. Prolonged and/or repeated skin contact can cause severe irritation or dermatitis. Methylene chloride may cause cancer in humans. Toluene may affect the developing fetus. Toluene chronic poisoning describe anemia, decreased blood cell count and bone marrow hypoplasia. Methanol report impaired vision.

Target Organs: eyes, skin, respiratory system, liver, kidneys, pancreas, heart, lungs, brain, central nervous system

**Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated By Exposure:** Those of the skin, eye, and lungs/respiratory system. This may include dermatitis; asthma and other breathing disorders; chronic lung disease; coronary artery disease; anemia;

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Concentration
75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	25.0 -40.0 %
67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	10.0 -30.0 %
108-88-3	Toluene {Benzene, Methyl-; Toluol}	10.0 -20.0 %
67-64-1	Acetone {2-Propanone}	<10.0 %

**Additional Chemical Information** Specific percentage of composition is being withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Emergency and First Aid Procedures:** INHALATION: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen and seek medical attention immediately.

SKIN: Immediately wash with mild soap and water for 15 minutes, while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Get medical attention.

EYE: Immediately flush with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

INGESTION: Aspiration hazard. Do not take internally. If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration into lungs.

**Signs and Symptoms Of Exposure:** See Potential Health Effects.

**Note to Physician:** This product contains methylene chloride and methanol.

This product contains methanol which can cause intoxication and central nervous system depression. Methanol is metabolized to formic acid and formaldehyde. These metabolites can cause metabolic acidosis, visual disturbances and blindness. Since metabolism is required for these toxic symptoms, their onset may be delayed from 6 to 30 hours following ingestion. Ethanol competes for the same metabolic pathway and has been used to prevent methanol metabolism.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Jasco Spray On Stripper

Page: 4

Revision: 05/02/2019  
Supersedes Revision: 08/12/2016

Ethanol administration is indicated in symptomatic patients or at blood methanol concentrations above 20 ug/dl. Methanol is effectively removed by hemodialysis. Adrenalin should never be given to a person overexposed to methylene chloride.

Methylene Chloride is an aspiration hazard. Risk of aspiration must be weighed against possible toxicity of the material when determining whether to induce emesis or to perform gastric lavage. This material sensitizes the heart to the effects of sympathomimetic amines. Epinephrine and other sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmias in individuals exposed to this material. This material is metabolized to carbon monoxide. Consequently, elevations in carboxyhemoglobin as high as 50% have been reported, and levels may continue to rise for several hours after exposure has ceased. Data in experimental animals suggest there is a narrow margin between concentrations causing anesthesia and death.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

	IB
<b>Flash Pt:</b>	48.00 F Method Used: Pensky-Marten Closed Cup
<b>Explosive Limits:</b>	LEL: No data. UEL: No data.
<b>Autoignition Pt:</b>	No data.
<b>Suitable Extinguishing Media:</b>	Use alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, and dry chemical. Water may be used to flush spills away from exposures and to dilute spills to non-flammable mixtures.
<b>Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:</b>	None known.
<b>Fire Fighting Instructions:</b>	Evacuate personnel to a safe area. Keep containers cool with water spray. Avoid breathing decomposition products. Firefighters should wear NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full body protection. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and flash back.
<b>Flammable Properties and Hazards:</b>	Flammable Liquid and Vapor! Dangerous fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition source and flash back.
<b>Hazardous Combustion Products:</b>	Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride, and trace amounts of phosgene, chlorine.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:</b>	Ventillate area of leak or spill. Remove all sources of ignition. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Small spills may be absorbed with nonreactive absorbent (sand) and placed in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For large spills provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. Prevent large spills from entering sewers or waterways. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in compatible drums for recovery or disposal. Observe all personal protection equipment recommendations.
-------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

<b>Precautions To Be Taken in Handling:</b>	No smoking or eating. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and other sources of ignition. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues. Separate from incompatibles. This material may corrode plastic and rubber. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
<b>Precautions To Be Taken in Storing:</b>	Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated location. Protect against physical damage.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

CAS #	Chemical Name	Jurisdiction	Recommended Exposure Limits	Notations
75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	ACGIH TLV	TLV: 50 ppm	
		OSHA PELs	PEL: 25 ppm STEL: 125 ppm (15 min)	
67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	ACGIH TLV	TLV: 200 ppm STEL: 250 ppm	
		OSHA PELs	PEL: 200 ppm	
108-88-3	Toluene {Benzene, Methyl-; Toluol}	ACGIH TLV	TLV: 50 ppm	
		OSHA PELs	PEL: 200 ppm STEL: 500 ppm/(10min) CEIL: 300 ppm	
67-64-1	Acetone {2-Propanone}	ACGIH TLV	TLV: 500 ppm STEL: 750 ppm	
		OSHA PELs	PEL: 1000 ppm	

**Respiratory Equipment (Specify Type):** Avoid breathing vapor. Use NIOSH approved pressure demand or other positive pressure SCBA or airline respirators if the exposure level to methylene chloride is above permissible exposure limits.

**Eye Protection:** Use chemical goggles or glasses with side shields. A faceshield in combination with safety glasses or chemical goggles is recommended when the potential exists for spraying or splashing of liquid to the face.

**Protective Gloves:** Wear gloves with as much resistance to the chemical ingredients as possible. Laminate film gloves offer the best protection. Other glove materials, such as nitrile rubber, neoprene, and PVC will be degraded by methylene chloride, but may provide protection for some amount of time, based on the type of glove and the conditions of use. Consult your glove supplier for additional information. Gloves contaminated with product should be discarded and not reused.

**Other Protective Clothing:** Full Protective Clothing.  
Various application methods can dictate use of additional protective safety equipment, such as impermeable aprons, etc., to minimize exposure.

**Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.):** Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Use only with adequate ventilation to prevent buildup of vapors. Do not use in areas where vapors can accumulate and concentrate, such as basements, bathrooms or small enclosed areas. Whenever possible, use outdoors in an open air area. If using indoors open all windows and doors and maintain a cross ventilation of moving fresh air across the work area. If strong odor is noticed or you experience slight dizziness, headache, nausea or eye-watering -- STOP -- ventilation is inadequate. Leave area immediately and move to fresh air.

**Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Practices:** Have an eyewash and safety shower available.

The usual precaution for the handling of chemicals must be observed.

Wash hands thoroughly after use and before eating, drinking, or smoking. Do not eat, drink, or smoke in the work area. Discard any clothing or other protective equipment that cannot be decontaminated.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Physical States:</b>	[ ] Gas [ X ] Liquid [ ] Solid
<b>Appearance and Odor:</b>	Off-white, cloudy liquid
<b>pH:</b>	No data.
<b>Melting Point:</b>	No data.
<b>Boiling Point:</b>	~ 105.00 F - 0.00 F
<b>Flash Pt:</b>	48.00 F Method Used: Pensky-Marten Closed Cup
<b>Evaporation Rate:</b>	> 1
<b>Flammability (solid, gas):</b>	No data available.
<b>Explosive Limits:</b>	LEL: No data. UEL: No data.
<b>Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or mm Hg):</b>	No data.
<b>Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):</b>	< 2
<b>Specific Gravity (Water = 1):</b>	No data.
<b>Density:</b>	7.92 - 8.12 LB/GL
<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	Slight
<b>Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient:</b>	No data.
<b>Percent Volatile:</b>	97.0 % by weight.
<b>VOC / Volume:</b>	465.0000 G/L
<b>Autoignition Pt:</b>	No data.
<b>Decomposition Temperature:</b>	No data.
<b>Viscosity:</b>	50 - 400 CPS

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<b>Stability:</b>	Unstable [ ] Stable [ X ]
<b>Conditions To Avoid - Instability:</b>	No data available.
<b>Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid:</b>	Strong oxidizers, strong caustics, acids, water + heat, and chemically active metals. May attack some forms of plastics, rubber, and coatings.
<b>Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts:</b>	Moisture, heat, flame, ignition sources and incompatibles. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, formaldehyde, hydrochloric acid and toxic gas phosgene.
<b>Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:</b>	Will occur [ ] Will not occur [ X ]
<b>Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:</b>	No data available.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Toxicological Information:** There is no data available for the product. Refer to section 2 for acute and chronic effects.

CAS# 75-09-2:

Tumorigenic Effects:, TCLo, Inhalation, Rat, 3500. PPM, 6 Y.

Result:

Tumorigenic: Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria.

Endocrine: Tumors.

- Fundamental and Applied Toxicology., Academic Press, Inc., 1 E. First St., Duluth, MN 55802,  
Vol/p/yr: 4,30, 1984

Standard Draize Test, Eyes, Species: Rabbit, 100.0 MG, Severe.

Result:

Effects on Newborn: Growth statistics (e.g., reduced weight gain).

Effects on Newborn: Physical.

- Union Carbide Data Sheet, Union Carbide Corp., 39 Old Ridgebury Rd., Danbury, CT 06817,  
Vol/p/yr: 4/25, 1958

Standard Draize Test, Skin, Species: Rabbit, 810.0 MG, 24 H, Severe.

Result:

Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Musculoskeletal system.

- European Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Hygiene., For publisher information, see  
TOERD9, Paris France, Vol/p/yr: 9,171, 1976

CAS# 108-88-3:

Reproductive Effects:, TCLo, Inhalation, Rat, 800.0 MG/M3, 6 H, female 14-20 day(s) after  
conception.

Result:

Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus).

Effects on Newborn: Behavioral.

- Brazilian Journal of Medical and Biological Research., Vol/p/yr: 23,533, 1990

Standard Draize Test, Eyes, Species: Rabbit, 2.000 MG, 24 H, Severe.

Result:

Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Other effects to embryo.

Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Eye, ear.

- Prehled Prumyslove Toxikologie, Marhold, J., Organicke Latky, Prague Czechoslovakia, Vol/p/yr:  
-,29, 1986

CAS# 67-64-1:

Standard Draize Test, Eyes, Species: Rabbit, 20.00 MG, Severe.

Result:

Behavioral: Change in motor activity (specific assay).

Behavioral: Alteration of classical conditioning.

- American Journal of Ophthalmology., Ophthalmic Pub. Co., 435 N. Michigan Ave., Suite 1415,  
Chicago, IL 60611, Vol/p/yr: 29,1363, 1946

**Carcinogenicity/Other  
Information:**

Methylene Chloride has been shown to increase the incidence of malignant tumors in mice and  
benign tumors in rats. Other animal studies, as well as several human epidemiology studies, failed  
to show a tumorigenic response.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Jasco Spray On Stripper

Page: 8

Revision: 05/02/2019  
Supersedes Revision: 08/12/2016

-Methylene Chloride (Dichloromethane) (CAS 75-09-2) is on the IARC list as a Group 2B: Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans, and on the NTP list as Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

-Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) is on the IARC list as a Group 3: Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans.

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	Possible	2B	A3	Yes
67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
108-88-3	Toluene {Benzene, Methyl-; Toluol}	n.a.	3	A4	n.a.
67-64-1	Acetone {2-Propanone}	n.a.	n.a.	A4	n.a.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**General Ecological Information:** No environmental toxicity studies have been conducted on the product.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste Disposal Method:** Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal regulations.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### LAND TRANSPORT (US DOT):

**DOT Proper Shipping Name:** Paint related material  
**DOT Hazard Class:** 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUID  
**UN/NA Number:** UN1263 **Packing Group:** II



**Additional Transport Information:** For D.O.T. information, contact W.M. Barr Technical Services at 1-800-398-3892.

The shipper / supplier may apply one of the following exceptions: Combustible Liquid, Consumer Commodity, Limited Quantity, Viscous Liquid, Does Not Sustain Combustion, or others, as allowed under 49CFR Hazmat Regulations. Please consult 49CFR Subchapter C to ensure that subsequent shipments comply with these exceptions.

Flammable material products shipped in containers less than 1L (0.3 gallons) in volume: Per 49 CFR 173.150, Limited Quantities of flammable liquids (Class 3), Packing Group II that are shipped in packaging not over 1.0 L net capacity packed in strong outer packaging are exempted from labeling requirements and specification packaging requirements, unless offered for transportation by aircraft. Limited quantities are not subject to Subpart F (Placarding). Each package must be packed in strong outer packaging and can not exceed 30 kg (66 lbs).

Consumer commodities (per 173.150): A limited quantity that conforms to the paragraph above and is a consumer commodity (per 49 CFR 171.8) can be renamed "Consumer commodity" and reclassified as an ORM-D Material. In addition to the exceptions for labeling and placarding provided by paragraph 173.150, shipments of



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Jasco Spray On Stripper

Page: 9

Revision: 05/02/2019  
Supersedes Revision: 08/12/2016

ORM-D Material are not subject to the shipping paper requirements of subpart C of part 172 of this subchapter, unless the material meets the definition of a hazardous substance, hazardous waste, marine pollutant, or are offered for transportation and transported by aircraft. Additional exceptions, as provided in §173.156 may also apply.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### EPA SARA (Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986) Lists

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	S. 302 (EHS)	S. 304 RQ	S. 313 (TRI)
75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	No	Yes 1000 LB	Yes
67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	No	Yes 5000 LB	Yes
108-88-3	Toluene {Benzene, Methyl-; Toluol}	No	Yes 1000 LB	Yes
67-64-1	Acetone {2-Propanone}	No	Yes 5000 LB	No

#### CAS # Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)

#### Other US EPA or State Lists

75-09-2	Dichloromethane {Methylene chloride; R-30; Freon 30}	CAA HAP,ODC: HAP: VHAP; CWA NPDES: Yes; TSCA: Yes - Inventory, 8A CAIR; CA PROP.65: Yes: Canc.
67-56-1	Methanol {Methyl alcohol; Carbinol; Wood alcohol}	CAA HAP,ODC: HAP: VHAP; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: Yes: RDTox.
108-88-3	Toluene {Benzene, Methyl-; Toluol}	CAA HAP,ODC: HAP: VHAP; CWA NPDES: Yes; TSCA: Yes - Inventory, 8A CAIR; CA PROP.65: Yes: RDTox(F)
67-64-1	Acetone {2-Propanone}	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Yes - Inventory; CA PROP.65: No

#### Regulatory Information:

This product is regulated by the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission and is subject to certain labeling requirements under the Federal Hazardous Substances Act. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS). The product label also includes other important information, including directions for use, and should always be read in its entirety prior to using the product.

#### Additional Regulatory Information

This chemical/product is not and cannot be distributed in commerce (as defined in TSCA section 3(5)) or processed (as defined in TSCA section 3(13)) for consumer paint or coating removal.

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Revision Date:** 05/02/2019  
**Preparer Name:** W.M. Barr EHS Dept (901)775-0100

**Additional Information About This Product:** No data available.

**Company Policy or Disclaimer:** The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.